

# Part of Thermo Fisher Scientific

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 12-Nov-2010	Revision Date 04-Apr-2014	<b>Revision Number</b> 1		
	1. Identification			
Product Name	Sulfuric Acid (Trace Metal™ Grade)			
Cat No. :	A510-212; A510-500; A510P212; A510P500; A510	SK212		
Synonyms	Hydrogen sulfate; Vitriol brown oil; Oil of vitriol			
Recommended Use	Laboratory chemicals.			
Uses advised against Details of the supplier of the safety	No Information available data sheet			
<b>Company</b> Fisher Scientific One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Tel: (201) 796-7100	Emergency Telephone Number CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887			

2. Hazard(s) identification

# Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Corrosive to metals Skin Corrosion/irritation Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Target Organs - Respiratory system.

Category 1 Category 1 A Category 1 Category 3

# Label Elements

Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements May be corrosive to metals Causes severe skin burns and eye damage May cause respiratory irritation



## Precautionary Statements Prevention

Keep only in original container

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

### Response

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

# Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing **Skin** 

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

# Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

# Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting

# Storage

Store in corrosive resistant polypropylene container with a resistant inliner

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

# Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None identified

# 3. Composition / information on ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	73 - 98
Water	7732-18-5	2 - 27

	4. First-aid measures			
Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.			
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.			
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; induce artificial respiration with a respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required.			
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.			
Most important symptoms/effects	Causes burns by all exposure routes. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation			
Notes to Physician	Treat symptomatically			

	5. Fire-fighting measures
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Substance is nonflammable; use agent most appropriate to extinguish surrounding fire.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	DO NOT USE WATER
Flash Point Method -	Not applicable No information available
Autoignition Temperature Explosion Limits	No information available
Upper	No data available
Lower	No data available
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impac	t No information available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge	No information available

# **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Corrosive Material. Reacts violently with water. Contact with metals may evolve flammable gas. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

# **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Sulfur oxides Hydrogen

# **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

<u>NFPA</u> Health 3	<b>Flammability</b> 0	Instability 2	Physical hazards W
	6. Accidental re	lease measures	
Personal Precautions		hing apparatus and protective entilation. Do not get in eyes, o	suit. Evacuate personnel to safe
Environmental Precautions			ditional ecological information.
Methods for Containment an Up	d Clean Wear self-contained breat material. Keep in suitable,	hing apparatus and protective closed containers for disposal	•
	7. Handling	and storage	
Handling	•	· · · · ·	otective equipment. Do not breathe lothing. Do not ingest. Do not allow
Storage	Keep containers tightly clo water. Corrosives area.	sed in a dry, cool and well-ver	tilated place. Keep away from

# 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

### Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Sulfuric acid	TWA: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	(Vacated) TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Component	Quebec	Mexico OEL (TWA)	Ontario TWAEV

<u>Legend</u>

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

STEL: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Engineering Measures	Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	
Personal Protective Equipment		
Eye/face Protection	Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.	
Skin and body protection	Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.	
Respiratory Protection	Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.	
Hygiene Measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.	

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid
Appearance	Clear, Colorless to brown
Odor	Odorless
Odor Threshold	No information available
рН	0.3 (1N)
Melting Point/Range	10 °C / 50 °F
Boiling Point/Range	290 - 338 °C / 554 - 640.4 °F
Flash Point	Not applicable
Evaporation Rate	Slower than ether
Flammability (solid,gas)	No information available
Flammability or explosive limits	
Upper	No data available
Lower	No data available
Vapor Pressure	< 0.001 mmHg @ 20 °C
Vapor Density	3.38 (Air = 1.0)
Relative Density	1.84
Solubility	Soluble in water
Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water	No data available
Autoignition Temperature	No information available
Decomposition Temperature	340°C
Viscosity	No information available
Molecular Formula	H2SO4
Molecular Weight	98.08

10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous Reactions	Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas.	
Hazardous Polymerization	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.	
Hazardous Decomposition Products Sulfur oxides, Hydrogen		
Incompatible Materials	Water, Organic materials, Strong acids, Strong bases, Metals, Alcohols, Cyanides, Sulfides	
Conditions to Avoid	Incompatible products. Excess heat. Exposure to moist air or water.	
Stability	Reacts violently with water. Hygroscopic.	
Reactive Hazard	Yes	

Acute Toxicity

Component Information

Component		LD50 Oral		LD50 Dermal	LC50	Inhalation		
Sulfuric acid		2140 mg/kg (Rat) Not listed 510 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Rat) 2 h						
Toxicologically Synergistic No information available   Products Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure								
Irritation		Causes severe burns by all exposure routes						
Sensitization		No information available						
<b>Carcinogenicity</b> The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen Exposure to strong inorganic mists containing sulfuric acid may cause cancer by inhalation of the strong indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen exposure to strong inorganic mists containing sulfuric acid may cause cancer by inhalation exposure to strong inorganic mists containing sulfuric acid may cause cancer by inhalation exposure to strong inorganic mists containing sulfuric acid may cause cancer by inhalation exposure to strong inorganic mists containing sulfuric acid may cause cancer by inhalation exposure to strong inorganic mists containing sulfuric acid may cause cancer by inhalation exposure to strong inorganic mists containing sulfuric acid may cause cancer by inhalation exposure to strong inorganic mists containing sulfuric acid may cause cancer by inhalation exposure to strong inorganic mists containing sulfuric acid may cause cancer by inhalation exposure to strong inorganic mists containing sulfuric acid may cause cancer by inhalation exposure to strong inorganic mists containing sulfuric acid may cause cancer by inhalation exposure to strong inorganic mists containing sulfuric acid may cause cancer by inhalation exposure to strong inorganic mists containing sulfuric acid may cause cancer by inhalation exposure to strong inorganic mists containing sulface acid may cause cancer by inhalation exposure to strong inorganic mists containing sulface acid may cause cancer by inhalation exposure to strong inorganic mists containing sulface acid may cause cancer by inhalation exposure to strong inorganic mists containing sulface acid may cause cancer by inhalation exposure to strong inorganic mists containing sulface acid may cause cancer by inhalation exposure to strong inorganic mists containing sulface acid may cause cancer by inhalation exposure to strong inorganic mists containing sulface acid may cause cancer by inhalation exposure to strong inorganic may cause ca						Ų		
Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico		

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	Group 1	Not listed	A2	Х	A2
Water	7732-18-5	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed
IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer) ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Indust Hygienists)			Group 1 - C Group 2A - Group 2B - ial A1 - Known A2 - Susper A3 - Anima	rnational Agency for a carcinogenic to Huma Probably Carcinogen Possibly Carcinogen Human Carcinogen Carcinogen Merican Conference	nns nic to Humans ic to Humans gen	
Mutagenic Effects		No information ava	ailable			
Reproductive Effect	S	Experiments have shown reproductive toxicity effects on laboratory animals.				
Developmental Effe	cts	Developmental effects have occurred in experimental animals.				
Teratogenicity		No information ava	ailable.			
STOT - single exposureRespiratory systemSTOT - repeated exposureNone known						
Aspiration hazard		No information available				
Symptoms / effects,both acute and Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contrained delayed Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingest severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of performance of performance of the delicate tissue and danger of the delicate tissue and the d			estion causes			
Endocrine Disruptor InformationNo information availableOther Adverse EffectsSee actual entry in RTECS for complete information.						

12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** This product contains the following substance(s) which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Sulfuric acid	-	500 mg/L LC50 96 h	-	EC50: 29 mg/L/24h
Persistence and Degradat	bility No information	on available		
<b>Bioaccumulation/Accumu</b>	ulation No information	on available.		
Mobility No information available.				
13. Disposal considerations				
Waste Disposal Methods   Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.				
14. Transport information				

DOT UN-No **Proper Shipping Name** 

UN1830 Sulfuric acid

Hazard Class Packing Group TDG	8 II
UN-No	UN1830
Proper Shipping Name	SULFURIC ACID
Hazard Class	8
Packing Group	II
IATA	
UN-No	UN1830
Proper Shipping Name	SULFURIC ACID
Hazard Class	8
Packing Group	II
IMDG/IMO	
UN-No	UN1830
Proper Shipping Name	SULFURIC ACID
Hazard Class	8
Packing Group	ll
	15. Regulator

## International Inventories

Component	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Sulfuric acid	Х	Х	-	231-639-5	-		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Water	Х	Х	-	231-791-2	-		Х	-	Х	Х	Х

y information

### Legend: X - Listed

E - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(e) Consent order under TSCA.

F - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(f) Rule under TSCA.

N - Indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used.

P - Indicates a commenced PMN substance

R - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 6 risk management rule under TSCA.

S - Indicates a substance that is identified in a proposed or final Significant New Use Rule

T - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.

XU - Indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Inventory Update Rule, i.e. Partial Updating of the TSCA Inventory Data Base Production and Site Reports (40 CFR 710(B).

Y1 - Indicates an exempt polymer that has a number-average molecular weight of 1,000 or greater.

Y2 - Indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule.

# U.S. Federal Regulations

# TSCA 12(b) Not applicable

# SARA 313

Component	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	73 - 98	1.0

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Categorization

Acute Health Hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire Hazard	No
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	Yes

### **Clean Water Act**

Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
Sulfuric acid	Х	1000 lb	-	-

## Clean Air Act

Not applicable

**OSHA** Occupational Safety and Health Administration Not applicable

## CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs			
Sulfuric acid	1000 lb	1000 lb			
California Proposition 65 This produ	This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals:				

Component	CAS-No California Prop. 65		Prop. 65	Prop 65 NSRL		Category	
Sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	Carcinogen		-		Carcinogen	
State Right-to-Know							
Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsy	ylvania	Illinois	Rhode Islar	nd
Sulfuric acid	Х	Х	X	<	Х	Х	
Water	-	-	×	<	-	-	

### **U.S.** Department of Transportation

Reportable Quantity (RQ):	Y
DOT Marine Pollutant	Ν
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant	Ν

### **U.S. Department of Homeland Security**

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

### Other International Regulations

### Mexico - Grade

No information available

### Canada

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR

### **WHMIS Hazard Class**

D1A Very toxic materials E Corrosive material

Regulatory Affairs Thermo Fisher Scientific



# 16. Other information

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

**Prepared By** 

Creation Date Revision Date Print Date Revision Summary 12-Nov-2010 04-Apr-2014 04-Apr-2014 This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS)

Disclaimer

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